

Study program: Industrial Engineering			
Course title: Strength of Materials (Mechanics of Materials)			
Professor/assistant: Ph.D. Miloš S. Ristić			
Type of course: compulsory			
ECTS credits: 5			
Pre-requisites: -			
<p>Aims of the course: is to enable a student to analyze each machine part so that, according to its role and function, the student recognizes the loads and calculates the strains.</p> <p>Through the teaching process it is achieved that the student:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ differentiates between rigid and solid bodies; ▪ identifies internal and external forces and their effects on the body; ▪ recognizes basic and complex strains, and calculates stresses and deformations; <p>defines independently a practical problem, recognizes the method and solves the problem using literature.</p>			
<p>Learning outcomes:</p> <p>Upon the successful completion of the course, a student successfully:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ defines strain, stress and deformation and describes difference between elastic and plastic deformation; ▪ identifies five basic types of strains, equations for their dimensioning and applies them; ▪ calculates deformation during axial strain, dilatation and maximum force allowed; ▪ explains moments of inertia, what they are used for, and how they are calculated; ▪ recognizes torsion and designs shaft (bar) that transmits torque (twisting moment); ▪ describes deformation due to flexural bracing, deflection and neutral line. dimensions a flexural loading beam determining the shape of cross-section and distant fibers from a neutral line. draws loading diagrams; ▪ shows the difference at four characteristic cases of screwing, recognizes them and accordingly suggests the problem-solving procedure (Oiler, Tietmeyer); <p>differentiates complex strains.</p>			
<p>Syllabus</p> <p><i>Theoretical part</i>-Strength of material- terms and definitions.External and internal forces.Strains.Stresses and deformations.Moments of inertia of leveled cross sections.Axial strain.Strain in two directions.Flat strain.Shearing.Torsion strain.Flexural.Ideal shape of a plain beam and console.Elastic lines.Flexural of statically undetermined trusses.Buckling.Complex strains.</p> <p><i>Practical part</i>-</p> <p>Application of theoretical knowledge in solving specific practical examples with the emphasis on dimensioning and on necessary instruction for solving specific types of tasks. The use of literature.</p>			
<p>Literature</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stamenković S., Stefanović S., Cvetanović B, Otpornost materijala, Visoka tehnička škola strukovnih studija u Nišu, Niš, 2009. 2. Stamenković S., Spasić D., <i>Otpornost materijala- Zbirka rešenih zadataka, VTŠ Niš, 1991.</i> 3. Riley W., Sturges L., Morris D., <i>Mechanics of Materials</i>, John Wiley & Sons, 2007. 			
Number of active classes			Other forms of teaching:
Lectures: 2	Practical classes: 2	Research work:	
<p>Teaching methods Theoretical teaching is frontal, using audio-visual presentations where students can practically recognize loadings, deformations and shapes of the element that is being calculated. Project tasks are completed and defended individually. Knowledge assessment is performed through colloquiums and written assignment at the end of the semester.</p>			
<p>Grading system (maximum 100 points), grading scale from 5 to 10: below 51 points grade 5, grade 6 from 51-60 points, grade 7 from 61-70 points, grade 8 from 71-80 points, grade 9 from 81-90 points, grade 10 from 91-100 points.</p>			
Pre-exam obligations	points	Final exam	points
activity during theoretical lectures	10	written exam	40
practical training	5	oral exam	
colloquium(s)/seminar papers	15+30		
Sum	60	Sum	40